

INTRODUCTION

The KM500-KBD interface includes EEPROM type memory for storing of basic firmware data. Necessary data are programmed to the memory during the interface manufacturing so you need not to reload the data when the new interface is being installed. Only when the content of the memory is damaged or when interface's CPU is upgraded, you have to load the data to the memory again.

If the memory content is unreadable for the interface's CPU (it is damaged or it is of different version), the interface doesn't work and it indicates fatal error status - indication LED of the interface blinks in yellow continuously. In that case, execute procedure described in chapter 2.

If the interface's CPU was replaced with another one with higher software version, it is recommended to adjust the interface as described in chapter 3.

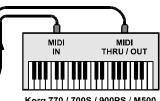
2 FIRMWARE DATA LOADING

PREPARE THE INTERFACE (INSTRUMENT) 2.1

- 1. Interconnect the interface with your DAW / PC bi-directionally (with both MIDI cablesfig. 1).
- 2. Insert a jumper to the "TEST" plug head on the interface board (fig. 2).
- 3. Plug instrument's power supply cable to a mains socket and switch the instrument on. Attention - work very carefully during all next procedures - there is a risk of electric shock!

MIDI-II MIDI-OUT





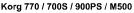
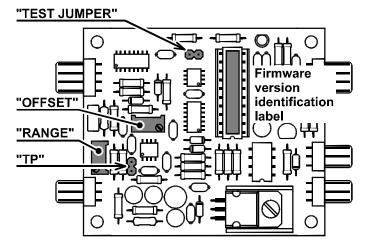


Figure 2

PC, sequencer ...



2.2 CHECK FIRMWARE VERSION OF YOUR INTERFACE

Actual firmware version is written on label on the interface's CPU (see fig. 2). If the label is missing or unreadable, it is necessary ro read the actual version number from the CPU. This is feasible via MIDI SysEx communication.

- Enable SysEx messages record / monitoring on your DAW / PC.
 Send "SW Version Request" (i.e. [F0 00 20 21 7F 54 50 04 00 58 F7 hex]) SysEx message from your DAW / PC to the interface.
- 2. Red LED on the interface board blinks.
- The interface responds immediately by "SW Version Response" SysEx message. Form of the message is: [F0 00 20 21 7F 54 50 04 vv xx F7 hex] where the [vv] byte is the version number (e.g. [10 hex] byte represents version "1.0", [20 hex] byte represents version "2.0", etc.).

2.3 LOAD THE DATA

- 1. Open necessary MIDI file (according to version number previously read) with the basic firmware data in your DAW / PC. You can find the archive with required MIDI files on our web site **www.chd-el.cz**.
- 2. Replay the MIDI file from your DAW / PC to the interface.
- 3. Red LED on the interface board blinks fast during the data transfer.
- 4. After the data are transferred, both indication LED and red LED on the interface board go off.

2.4 EXIT THE DATA LOADING

Switch the instrument off and remove the "TEST" jumper. Now you can end the uploading procedure or you can continue to interface adjustment procedure.

- If you want to end, close the instrument. The next time you turn on the instrument, it will work with new firmware data.
- See next chapter for continue to adjustment procedure.

3 ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

There are two variable resistors on the interface board labeled "OFFSET" and "RANGE" (fig. 2). They have to be adjusted before the upgraded interface is used. Adjustment procedure is following:

- Connect MIDI output of your MIDI master keyboard (or PC / sequencer / DAW) to MIDI input of the interface¹.
- 2. Connect "HIGH" audio output of the instrument to a tuner or to a frequency meter.
- 3. Set all controllers on the instrument's panels to a clear sound without any modulation.

For Korg 770:

- VCO I. \rightarrow PITCH = 0, OCTAVE = 8', MODE = Saw
- MIXER \rightarrow knob fully counterclockwise, switch to VCO I.
- PORTAMENTO \rightarrow switch to middle position (off)
- VCF → LOW PASS = 10, HIGH PASS = 0, EXPAND L.P = OFF, EXPAND H.P = OFF, BRIGHT = OFF, LFO = OFF
- ENVELOPE GENERATOR \rightarrow ATTACK = 0, SINGING = 8, RANGE = x1, MODE = SUSTAIN, TRIGGER = KEY
- VCO MODULATOR \rightarrow BEND switch to middle position (off), VIBRATO switch to middle position (off)

For Korg 700S:

Top panel

- EFFECT switch \rightarrow to **OFF** (upper position)
- SUSTAIN LONG switch \rightarrow to **OFF** (upper position)
- TRAVEL VIBRATO switch \rightarrow to **OFF** (upper position)

Front panel

- VOLUME slider ightarrow to **MAX** (fully down)
- TRAVELER sliders ightarrow LPF (upper slider) to ${f 10}$ / HPF (lower slider) to ${f 0}$
- ATTACK slider \rightarrow to **0**
- PERCUSSION / SINGING slider \rightarrow to **10**
- SCALE selector \rightarrow to 4'
- MODE selector → to Triangle (fully counterclockwise)
- EXPAND, BRIGHT, SUSTAIN, BENDER REPEAT, VIBRATO, DEAY VIB., PORTAMENTO switches → all to OFF (upper position)
- PITCH slider \rightarrow to middle position

For Korg 900PS:

- PITCH knob \rightarrow to middle position
- HARMONICS switches \rightarrow I. and II. off (upper position) / III. on (lower position)
- ATTACK/SUSTAIN switch \rightarrow to **CONTROL** (lower position)
- VOLUME slider \rightarrow to **10** (MAX.)
- HARMONICS sliders \rightarrow 16', 8' and 2' to **0** / 4' to **10**
- ATTACK and SUSTAIN sliders \rightarrow both to $\mathbf{0}$
- REPEAT, FORTE, PITCH BEND, VIBRATO and PORTAMENTO switches → all off (middle position)
- TRAVELER slider \rightarrow to **10** (fully to right)
- OCTAVE switch \rightarrow to **M** (middle position)

Positions of all other controllers on instrument's panel are not significant.

- 4. Switch the instrument on by main power switch and set the VOLUME controller to maximum.
- 5. Now, the interface is in "Stand-by" mode the interface's indication LED is off. If not, press the "RESET" button of the interface².

¹ Set transmit MIDI Channel to number 1 on the master keyboard.

- 6. Wait a few minutes to stabilize the temperature of all instrument circuits.
- 7. Measure the voltage between pins of the "TP" jumper head (fig. 2) with a quality digital multimeter. It should be zero volts exactly. If it is not, adjust it with "OFFSET" variable resistor (fig. 2).
- For Korg 770: Press the highest key on the instrument's keyboard (i.e. C4) For Korg 700S: Press the C3 key on the instrument's keyboard (fig. 3) For Korg 900PS: Press the C3 key on the instrument's keyboard (fig. 4) The interface's indication bi-color LED remains off.





- Measure the output tone frequency by the tuner (frequency meter). It should be 2093 Hz approx. for Korg 770 or 1047 Hz approx. for Korg 700S and Korg 900PS. Remember the measured tone frequency. Then release the C4 / C3 key.
- For Korg 770: Press C4 key on the master keyboard (i.e. send MIDI Note Nr. 96 to the interface) and hold it.
 For Korg 700S and Korg 900PS: Press the C3 key on the master keyboard (i.e. send MIDI Note Nr. 84 to the interface) and hold it.

The interface's indication LED will light in green.

- 11. Check the output tone frequency by the tuner (frequency meter) again. It must be the same as the frequency measured in paragraph 9. If it is not, adjust it with "RANGE" variable resistor on the interface board (fig. 2.9.1).
- 12. Release the C4 / C3 key on the master keyboard. Switch the instrument off and close the instrument.



KORG 770 / 700S / 900PS MIDI Interface Model K770-KBD, Nr. 8-430, ver. 1.00 Document: 843010_service

Manufacturer: CHD Elektroservis, Czech Republic

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It is suppossed that the interface is in "Factory Reset" status before the adjustment procedure. If it is not, send the F0 00 20 21 7F 54 50 03 7F 5A F7 [hex] SysEx message to the intarface first.

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